



Two-Component Urethane-Based Primer System

150 14001

COMPLIANT



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

# ATPRIME® 2A

ATPRIME-2A-----KG

Aromatic Isocyanate

Product Description: SAP ID(s): Material Code: Chemical Family: Intended Use:

#### Manufacturer:

NCS Resins (Pty) Ltd 9 Pineside Road, New Germany 3610 South Africa Tel +27(0) 31 713 0600 Fax +27(0) 31 705 9858

#### Supplier:

Aurora Glass Fibre (NZ) Ltd 3/16 Zelanian Drive, East Tamaki Auckland 2013, New Zealand Tel +64 9 273-3540 Fax +64 9 273-3565 Emergency Telephone +27(0) 41 627 3283 Poison Information Centre 131126 (South Africa only)

Emergency Telephone +64 9 273-3540

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

	Emergency Overview	
Harmful by inhalation May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact Irritating to eyes and respiratory system Preparation reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2 Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting Appearance Dark Brown Physical State Liquid Odor Musty		
Primary Routes of Entry	Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact.	
Acute Effects Eyes Skin Inhalation Ingestion	Moderately irritating to the eyes. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Moderately irritating to the skin. Harmful by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause sensitization by inhalation. Ingestion (swallowing) may irritate the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause damage to Gastrointestinal tract.	
Chronic Effects	May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. This material does not contain 0.1% or more of any chemical listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), or regulated by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) as carcinogen.	
Target Organ(s)	Lungs, Respiratory System, Skin, Eyes.	
HMIS: H	ealth: 2* Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 1 Personal Protection:	

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	Status
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	9016-87-9	55	Not Hazardous
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocyanate	101-68-8	45	Hazardous

4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.	
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.	
Inhalation	Move victim to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.	

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
Flammability	Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.	
Hazardous Combustion Produ	cts Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid).	
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Reaction between water or foam and hot Isocyanate can be vigorous. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.	
NFPA Rating Healt	h 2 Flammability 1 Instability 1	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	

Personal Precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
Methods for Containment	Prevent spilled material from 1) contaminating soil, 2) entering sanitary sewers, storm sewers, and drainage systems, and 3) entering bodies of water or ditches that lead to waterways. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Methods for Clean-up	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Shovel into suitable container for disposal. Neutralize small spills with decontaminant. Remove from surface water (e.g. by skimming or siphoning). Retain all contaminated water or flushing liquid for disposal or for treatment prior to release.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Do not breathe vapor or mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not reseal contaminated containers.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits		
<b>Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepo</b> Canada – Alberta OELs	olyphenylene ester (CAS	<b>#: 9016-87-9)</b> 0.005ppm TWA 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
<b>4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocya</b> ACGIH – TLV OSHA PEL	nate (CAS #: 101-68-8)	0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm Ceiling 0.2 mg/ <sup>m3</sup> Ceiling
Canada – Alberta OELs		0.2016 ppm TWA 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
Canada – Ontario OELs		0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm Ceiling
Canada – British Columbia OELs		0.005 TWA 0.01 ppm Ceiling (skin)
NIOSH IDLH Mexico OEL		75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Immediately dangerous to life or health IDLH 0.02 ppm TWA 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 0.005 ppm TWA 0.051 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
Engineering Controls		o maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below nded occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be perations.
Personal Protective Equipment		
Eye / Face Protection		les. If splashes are likely to occur: Face-shield. Ensure that fety showers are close to the workstation location.
Skin Protection	breakthrough time which	gloves. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into c local conditions under which the product is used, such as the s.
Respiratory Protection	below the exposure limits exposure limits in Section cartridges and a HEPA (I developed in accordance positive-pressure air-sup potential for an uncontrol	have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained is listed in Section 8. Where airborne concentrations may exceed n 8, wear an approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor P100) particulate filter along with a cartridge change-out schedule with applicable respiratory protection standards. Use an approved plied respirator with emergency escape provisions if there is any led release, airborne concentrations are not known, or any other purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
General Hygiene Considerations		fore breaks and immediately after handling the product. Take off id wash before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be ace.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Physical State pH Flash Point Flash Point Method Autoignition Temperature Boiling point / boiling range Dark brown Musty No information available Liquid No information available 230 °C / 446 °F Closed cup > 600 °C / > 1112 °F 341 °C / 646 °F Freezing Point Flammability Limit in Air Lower Upper Specific Gravity Solubility Evaporation Rate Vapor Pressure Vapor Density

Percent Volatile, wt.% VOC Content Viscosity No information available

No information available No information available 1.23 @ 25 °C Insoluble (Water) No information available No information available 8.5 (Air = 1.0)

No information available No information available 180 – 240 cps @ 25 °C

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Preparation reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2.
Conditions to Avoid	Contamination by those materials referred to under Incompatible materials. Avoid high temperatures.
Incompatible Materials	Water. Amines. Alcohols. Bases. Acids.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrocarbons. Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid).
Hazardous Polymerization	Polymerization may occur at elevated temperatures in the presence of alkalies, amines and metal compounds.

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Acute Toxicity

#### Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

Oral LD50	>10000 mg/kg - rat
Dermal LD50	>9400 mg/kg - rabbit
Inhalation LC50	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup> – rat - 4h

#### 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocyanate

Oral LD50	>10000 mg/kg – rat
Dermal LD50	>9400 mg/kg – rabbit
Inhalation LC50	0.49 mg/L – rat – 4h

#### **Chronic Toxicity**

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester		
IARC	Group 3 – The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.	
4 4' Mothylonodinhonyl Diisooy		

4,4 - Methyleneuiphenyl Di	isocyanale
IARC	Group 3 – The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Legend	NTP – National Toxicology Program OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Admistration IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer
Repeated Dose Toxicity	Persons allergic to isocyanates, and particularly those suffering from asthma or other respiratory conditions, should not work with isocyanates.

IMDG/IMO

Proper Shipping Name

Sensitization	May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.		
Target Organ(s)	Lungs, Respiratory System, Skin, Eyes.		
	12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
<u>Ecotoxicity</u>			
Ecotoxicity effects Persistance / Degradability	No information available. Immiscible in water. Reacts with water to form inert and non-biodegradable solids.		
Bioaccumulation	No information available.		
<b>4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocy</b> Aquatic Invertebrates Fish	anate EC50 (Daphnia) > 1000 mg/L (48h) LC50 (Fish) > 1000 mg/L (96h)		
	13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS		
Disposal Considerations	NOT A RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE: When discarded in its purchased form, this material would not be regulated as a RCRA Hazardous waste under 40 CFR 261. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.		
Contaminated Packaging	Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.		
US EPA Waste Number	Not applicable.		
	14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
DOT Proper Shipping Name	NOT REGULATED		
TDG Proper Shipping Name	NOT REGULATED		
IATA Proper Shipping Name	NOT REGULATED		

NOT REGULATED

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

International Inventories	
TSCA Inventory Status:	All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.
Canadian Inventory Status:	All components of this material are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).
Australian Inventory Status:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
Korean Inventory Status:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Korean Chemical Substances List.
Philippine Inventory Status:	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.
Japan ENCS:	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances.

Chinese IECS:	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.
New Zealand Inventory:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

#### **US Federal Regulations**

#### <u>SARA 313</u>

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 Status
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocyanate	101-68-8	45	Listed

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

#### TSCA 12(b) – Export Notification

This material does not contain any components that are subject to the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification requirements.

#### Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	HAPs Data
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocyanate	101-68-8	45	

#### **CERCLA**

This product contains the following reportable quantities:

Component	40 CFR 302.4 RQ	40 CFR 355 EHS TPQs
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocyanate	5000 lb	
	2270 kg	

#### State Regulations

#### **California Proposition 65**

This product is not known to contain any chemicals listed by the State of California (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

#### Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### **WHMIS Hazard Class**

D1A – Very toxic materials D2A – Very toxic materials D2B – Toxic materials

Component	CAS No	WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl Diisocyanate	101-68-8	0.1%

16. OTHER INFORMATION		
Prepared By	Kreson Moodley – Based on information supplied by Reichhold Product Regulatory Department Phone Number: +27 (0)31 713 0600	
Revision Date	09 Sep 2014	
<b>Revision Number</b>	2	
<b>Revision Summary</b>	This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2, $4 - 11$ and 15	
Former Date	27 May 2011	

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet



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ISO	9001

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COMPLIANT



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION** 

Product Description: SAP ID(s): Material Code: Chemical Family: Intended Use:

# **ATPRIME® 2B**

ATPRIME-2B------KG ATPRIME-2B------KG Unsaturated Polyester Resin Two-Component Urethane-Based Primer System

Manufacturer:

NCS Resins (Pty) Ltd 9 Pineside Road, New Germany 3610 South Africa Tel +27(0) 31 713 0600 Fax +27(0) 31 705 9858

Supplier:

Aurora Glass Fibre (NZ) Ltd 3/16 Zelanian Drive, East Tamaki Auckland 2013, New Zealand Tel +64 9 273-3540 Fax +64 9 273-3565 Emergency Telephone +27(0) 41 627 3283 Poison Information Centre 131126 (South Africa only)

Emergency Telephone +64 9 273-3540

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview						
Materia	Vapors may form exp Vapor can travel to a source of ign al can accumulate static charges which Harmful by inhalation, in cont Hazardous polyme May cause sensitiz	may cause an incendiary e act with skin and if swallowe rization may occur ation by skin contact	lectrical discharge			
Appearance Pink - Clear		yes and skin <b>tate</b> Liquid	Odor Pungent			
Primary Routes of Entry	Eye contact, Ingestion, Inhala	tion, Skin Contact, Skin Abs	sorption.			
Acute EffectsEyesIrritating to eyes.SkinHarmful by skin absorption. Contact causes skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. May cause sensitization by sink contact.InhalationHarmful by inhalation. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.IngestionHarmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration hazard if swallowed – can enter lungs and cause damage. Ingestion is not an anticipated route of exposure for this material in industrial use.						
Chronic EffectsThis material contains a chemical which is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a group 2B cancer causing agent (possibly carcinogenic to humans). The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has listed a chemical in this material as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.						
Target Organ(s)Liver, Kidney, Central Nervous System (CNS), Respiratory System.						
HMIS:	HMIS: Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 2 Personal Protection:					
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#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	Status
Styrene	100-42-5	49.0	Hazardous
Polyester Resin	Proprietary	45.0	Not Hazardous
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	6.0	Hazardous

4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
Skin Contact	Wash off with warm water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
Eye Contact	Immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.	
Ingestion	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. ASPIRATION HAZARD. This material man enter the lungs during vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.	

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES		
Flammability	Flammable liquid.	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Dry Chemical, Water Spray.	
Hazardous Combustion Products Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and irritating or toxic vapors and gases.		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance. This material may polymerize (react) with its container is exposed to heat (as in during a fire). This polymerization increases pressure inside a closed container and may result in the violent rupture of the container. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, spark, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death.	
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing. Thoroughly decontaminate all protective equipment after use. Evacuate all person from the fire area to a safe location. Move non-burning material, as feasible, to a safe location as soon as possible. Fire fighters should be protected from potential explosion hazard while extinguishing the blaze. DO NOT extinguish a fire resulting from the flow of this flammable liquid until the flow of liquid is effectively shut off. This precaution will help prevent the accumulation of an explosive vapor-air mixture after the initial fire is extinguished. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.	
NFPA Rating Health	2 Flammability 3 Instability 2	
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		

# Personal PrecautionsRemove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective<br/>equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of<br/>spill/leak. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can<br/>accumulate in low areas.Environmental PrecautionsPrevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate<br/>ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent<br/>material and dispose of as hazardous waste.

	Prevent spilled material from 1) contaminating soil, 2) entering sanitary sewers, storm sewers, and drainage systems, and 3) entering bodies of water or ditches that lead to waterways. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
•	Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove from surface water (e.g. by skimming or siphoning). Dispose of contaminated materials as waste according to item 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Consult your supplier of promoters and catalysts for additional instructions on proper mixing and usage. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. To ensure maximum stability and maintain optimum resin properties, resins should be stored in closed containers at temperatures below 77°F (25°C).

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Limits

Components with workplace control parameters.

Styrene	e (CAS #: 100-42-5)	
-	ACGIH - TLV	20 ppm TWA
		40 ppm STEL
	OSHA PEL	100 ppm TWA
		200 ppm Ceiling
	Industry PEL	While the federal workplace exposure limit for styrene is 100
		ppm, OSHA accepted the styrene industry's proposal to
		voluntary meet a PEL of 50 ppm on an 8 hour TWA and a Short
		Term Exposure Limit (STEL) of 100 ppm, 15 minute exposure.
	Canada – Alberta OELs	40 ppm STEL
		170 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
		20 ppm TWA 85 mg/m³ TWA
	Canada – Ontario OELs	35 ppm TWA
	Callada – Olitalio OELS	100 ppm STEL
	Canada – British Columbia OELs	50 ppm TWA
		75 ppm STEL
	NIOSH IDLH	700 ppm Immediately dangerous to life or health IDLH
	Mexico OEL	100 ppm STEL
		425 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
		50 ppm TWA
		215 mg/m³ TWA
		(skin)
Mothyl I	Methacrylate (CAS #: 80-62-6)	
wennyn	ACGIH – TLV	50 ppm TWA
		100 ppm STEL
	OSHA PEL	100 ppm TWA
	••••••==	410 mg/ <sup>m3</sup> TWA
	Canada – Alberta OELs	100 ppm STEL
		410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL
		50 ppm TWA
		205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
	Canada – Ontario OELs	50 ppm TWA
		100 ppm STEL

Canada – British Columb NIOSH IDLH Mexico OEL Legend	a OELs	50 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL 1000 ppm Immediately dangerous to life or health IDLH 125 ppm STEL 510 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL 100 ppm TWA 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists TLV® - Threshold Limit Value TWA - time-weighted average STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit OEL - Occupational Exposure Limit NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health IDLH - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health SKIN – Skin Absorption		
Engineering Controls	Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations. Use explosion-proof equipment.	
Personal Protective Equipment		
Eye / Face Protection		hields. If splashes are likely to occur: Tight sealing safety goggles. ons and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Skin Protection	chloride (PVC) may be us styrenated polyester resin breakthrough time which a consideration the specific	ber or Viton <sup>™</sup> gloves. Gloves made of nitrile rubber or polyvinyl ed for splash protection and brief or intermittent contact with . Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into local conditions under which the product is used, such as the Impervious clothing. Rubber or plastic boots.
Respiratory Protection	below the exposure limits organic vapor cartridges a exposure limits in Section grinding, cutting, or sprayi with emergency escape p	have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air-purifying respirator with and particulate filters where airborne concentrations may exceed 8 and/or there is exposure to dust or mists due to sanding, ng. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator rovisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, re not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying le adequate protection.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odor Odor Threshold	Pink - Clear Pungent 0.2 ppm (Styrene) 0.05 – 0.21 ppm (Methyl Methacrylate)
Physical State	Liquid
рН	No information available
Flash Point	26 °C / 79 °F
Flash Point Method	Seta closed cup
Autoignition Temperature	806 °F – 914 °F / 430 °C – 490 °C
Boiling point / boiling range	212 °F – 295 °F / 100 °C – 146 °C
Freezing Point	< 0 °F / < -18 °C
Flammability Limit in Air	
Lower	1.1 %
Upper	12.5 %
Specific Gravity	0.98 – 1.03 @ 25 °C
Solubility	Insoluble (Water)
Evaporation Rate	0.49 – 3.1 (BuAc = 1)
Vapor Pressure	6.12 – 20 mmHg @ 68 °F / 20 °C
Vapor Density	3.45 – 3.6 (Air = 1)

Percent Volatile, wt.% VOC Content Viscosity 53 - 57 % by weight 553 g/l (calculated) product as supplied 200 - 300 cps @ 25 °C

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Contamination by those materials referred to under Incompatible Materials.
Incompatible Materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Metal salts. Polymerization catalysts. Amines. Halogenated compounds.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.
Hazardous Polymerization	Polymerization can occur. Hazardous polymerization will occur if contaminated with peroxides, metal salts and polymerization catalysts. Product will undergo hazardous polymerization at temperatures able 150 F (65 C).

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Acute Toxicity

Styrene	
Oral LD50	5000 mg/kg - rat
Dermal LD50	> 2000 mg/kg - rat
Inhalation LC50	11.8 mg/l – rat (4 hours)
Methyl Methacrylate	
Oral LD50	8400 mg/kg – rat
Dermal LD50	>9400 mg/kg – rabbit
Inhalation LC50	7093 mg/l (4 hours)
Eye Effects	Studies indicate that exposures to concentrations of styrene above 200 ppm cause irritation
	of the eyes. Styrene causes transient moderate eye irritation without corneal involvement.
Senzitization	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Chronic Toxicity	
Components influencing toxicology	<i>י</i> .
Styropo	
Styrene NTP	Peasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen
IARC	Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen Group 2B – Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
IAICE	Group 2D - T ossibly Carcinogenic to Framans
Legend	NTP – National Toxicology Program
-	IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer
Repeated Dose Toxicity	In humans, styrene may cause a transient decrease in color discrimination and effects on
	hearing. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to
	defatting properties of the product. May cause damage to the kidneys, liver, eyes, brain,
	respiratory system, central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Sensitization	Contains methacrylates, which are knows to be weak sensitizers.
Mutagenic Effects	Styrene has given mixed positive and negative results in a number of mutagenicity tests.
	Styrene was not mutagenic without metabolic activation but gave negative and positive
	mutagenic results with metabolic activation.
Development Toxicity	Results from studies in experimental animals indicate little or no potential for styrene to
	produce developmental toxicity.
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#### Target Organ(s)

Liver, Kidney, Central Nervous System (CNS), Respiratory System.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Styrene Log Kow Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Algae Aquatic Invertebrates Fish	2.95 74 EC50 = 1.4 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h) EC50 0.46 – 4.3 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h) EC50 3.3 – 7.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (48h) LC50 3.24 – 4.99 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96h) flow-through LC50 19.03 – 33.53 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96h) static LC50 6.75 – 14.5 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96h) static LC50 58.75 – 95.32 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96h) static
Methyl Methacrylate Log Kow Aquatic Invertebrates Fish	0.7 EC50 = 69 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (48h) LC50 243 – 275 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96h) flow-through LC50 125.5 – 190.7 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96h) static LC50 170 – 206 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96h) flow-through LC50 153.9 – 341.8 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96h) static LC50 > 79 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (96h) flow-through LC50 > 79 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (96h) static LC50 326.4 – 426.9 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96h) static

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal Considerations	Hazardous waste. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.
US EPA Waste Number	D001 (IGNITABLE): When discarded in its purchased form, this material would be regulated under 40 CFR 261.21 as EPA Hazardous Waste Number D001 based on the characteristic of ignitability.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group NAERG	UN1866 RESIN SOLUTION 3 III 127
TDG UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group NAERG	UN1866 RESIN SOLUTION 3 III 127
IATA UN-No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group Packing Instructions NAERG	UN1866 RESIN SOLUTION 3 III 355,366 127

# IMDG/IMO<br/>UN-NoUN1866Proper Shipping NameRESIN SOLUTIONHazard Class3Packing GroupIIIEMS-NoF-E, S-ENAERG127

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### International Inventories

TSCA Inventory Status:	All components of this material are listed on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.
Canadian Inventory Status:	All components of this material are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).
Australian Inventory Status:	This product contains one or more chemicals currently not on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
Korean Inventory Status:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the Korean Chemical Substances List.
Philippine Inventory Status:	This product contains one or more chemicals currently not on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances.
Japan ENCS:	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances.
Chinese IECS:	This product contains only chemicals that are currently listed on the Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.
New Zealand Inventory:	This product contains only chemicals which are currently listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

#### US Federal Regulations

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 Status
Styrene	100-42-5	49.0	Listed
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	6.0	Listed

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	Yes

#### TSCA 12(b) – Export Notification

This material does not contain any components that are subject to the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification requirements.

#### Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following HAPs:

Component	CAS No	Weight-%	HAPs Data
Styerene	100.42-5	49.0	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	6.0	Listed

#### **CERCLA**

This product contains the following reportable quantities:

Component	40 CFR 302.4 RQ	40 CFR 355 EHS TPQs
Styrene	1000 lb	
	454 kg	
Methyl Methacrylate	1000 lb	
	454 kg	

#### **Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)**

This product does not contain any listed substances.

#### **State Regulations**

#### **California Proposition 65**

W A R N I N G: This material contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### WHMIS Hazard Class

B2 – Flammable liquid
D2A – Very toxic materials
D2B – Toxic materials
F – Dangerously reactive material

Component	CAS No	WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List
Styrene	100-42-5	0.1 %
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	1 %

16. OTHER INFORMATION	
Prepared By	Kreson Moodley – Based on information supplied by Reichhold Product Regulatory Department Phone Number: +27 (0)31 713 0600
Revision Date	23 Sep 2014
<b>Revision Number</b>	2
Revision Summary	This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15
Former Date	26 May 2011

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End of Material Safety Data Sheet