





MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Trade Name: DION IMPACT 9133-200

Revision Date: 2019-03-06 Compilation Date: 2018-10-29

PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

TRADE NAME DION IMPACT 9133-200

MANUFACTURER

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Kwa-Zulu Natal, South Africa Emergency Telephone: +27 031 713 0600

SUPPLIER

Aurora Glass Fibre (NZ) Ltd Tel: +64 09 273-3540 Fax: +64 09 273-3565

3/16 Zelanian Drive, East Tamaki,

Auckland 2013, New Zealand Emergency Telephone No. +64 09 273-3540

Poisons Information Centre 0800 764 766 (from anywhere in New Zealand)

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classified as Hazardous according to the New Zealand Hazardous Substances Regulations. Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport according to New Zealand Standard.

DG Classification: Class 3

UN Number: 1866, Resin Solution, Flammable

EPA New Zealand Approval Code: HSR001221







HSNO Classification:

6.1E Acute Toxicity, Oral/Dermal 6.1D Acute Toxicity, Inhalation

6.3A Substance that is corrosive or irritating to the skin6.4A Substance that is corrosive or irritating to the eye

6.6B Suspected human mutagen6.7B Suspected human carcinogen

6.9B May cause damage to target organs through prolonged/repeated exposure

9.1C Aquatic ecotoxicity, Fish

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable	liquid and	l vapour
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H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic reaction H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child







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H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instruction before use

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. – No smoking

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical ventilating, lighting and other equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P260 Do not breath fumes, mists, vapours or spray P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection

Response:

P314 Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell

P330 Rinse mouth

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a Poison Centre or doctor P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice

P370+P378 In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog. Alcohol resistant foam is the

preferred firefighting medium, but if it is not available, normal foam can be used

Storage:

P405 Store locked up

P422 Store contents below 25°C

P403+P233 Store in well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other Information

Unknown acute toxicity 66.0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Unknown aquatic toxicity 66.7% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Polyester Resin	Proprietary	55 – 65
Styrene	100-42-5	35 – 45







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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Immediately flush for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact

Wash off with warm water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention. Keep patient warm and at rest. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is laboured, administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Do no induce vomiting. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. This material may enter the lungs during vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), Foam, Dry Chemical, Water Spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products

Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and irritating or toxic vapours and gases

Combustion/Explosion Hazards

Flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance. This material may polymerize (react) when its container is exposed to heat (as during a fire). This polymerization increases pressure inside a closed container and may result in the violent rupture of the container. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective clothing. Thoroughly decontaminate all protective equipment after use. Evacuate all person from the fire area to a safe location. Move non-burning material, as feasible, to a safe location as soon as possible. Fire fighters should be protected from potential explosion hazard while extinguishing the blaze. DO NOT extinguish a fire resulting from the flow of this flammable liquid until the flow of liquid is effectively shut off. This precaution will help prevent the accumulation of an explosive vapor-air mixture after the initial fire is extinguished. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.







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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Other Information

All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Methods for Containment

Prevent spilled material from contaminating soil, entering sanitary sewers, storm sewers, and drainage systems and entering bodies of water or ditches that lead to waterways. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

Methods for Clean-Up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove from surface water (e.g. by skimming or siphoning). Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Consult your supplier of promoters and catalysts for additional instructions on proper mixing and usage. Empty containers may retain product residue (liquid and/or vapour). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition as the container may explode and may cause injury or death. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged. Empty drums should be promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or properly disposed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging or handling. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling product.

Storage

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. To ensure maximum stability and maintain optimum resin properties, resins should be stored in closed containers at temperatures below 77°F (25°C).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Guidelines:

Components with workplace control parameters

Styrene (CAS #: 100-42-5)

Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993







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Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Substances, 1995 Table 1.

TWA OEL CL 100ppm (styrene)

STEL OEL CL 200ppm

Legend

TWA – Time-Weighted Average STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit OEL – Occupational Exposure Limit

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

Use general ventilation to maintain airborne concentrations to levels that are below regulatory and recommended occupational exposure limits. Local ventilation may be required during certain operations. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Respiratory Protection

None required if hazards have been assessed and airborne concentrations are maintained below the exposure limits listed in Section 8. Wear an approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapour cartridges and particulate filters where airborne concentrations may exceed exposure limits in Section 8 and/or there is exposure to dust or mists due to sanding, grinding, cutting or spraying. Use an approved positive-pressure air-supplied respirator with emergency escape provisions if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, airborne concentrations are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Eye/Face Protection

Safety glasses with side-shields. If splashes are likely to occur: Tight sealing safety goggles. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin Protection

Wear protective nitrile rubber or Viton™ gloves. Gloves made of nitrile rubber or polyvinyl chloride (PVC) may be used for splash protection and brief or intermittent contact with styrenated polyester resin. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. Impervious clothing. Rubber or plastic boots.

General Hygiene Considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid

Appearance White with blue tinge

Odour Pungent

Odour Threshold 0.2 ppm (Styrene) pH Not applicable

Boiling Point/Range 146°C / 295°F (Styrene) **Melting/Freezing Point** No information available

Flash Point 32°C / 89°F







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Flash Point Method Seta closed cup

Autoignition Temperature 490°C / 914°F (Styrene)

Flammability Limit in Air

Lower1.1% (Styrene)Upper6.1% (Styrene)Specific Gravity1.06 – 1.10 @ 25°CExplosive PropertiesNo information availableOxidising PropertiesNo information availableVapour Pressure5 mmHg @ 20°C (Styrene)

6.7 hPa (Styrene)

Vapour Density 3.6 (Air = 1) (Styrene)
Solubility Insoluble (Water)

Evaporation Rate0.49 (BuAc = 1) (Styrene)Percent Volatile, wt.%30 - 40% by weightViscosity800 - 1200 cps @ 25°CDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous Polymerization

Polymerization can occur. Hazardous polymerization will occur if contaminated with peroxides, metal salts and polymerization catalysts. Hazardous polymerization may occur upon depletion of inhibitor – may cause heat and pressure build-up in closed containers. Product will undergo hazardous polymerization at temperatures about 65°C.

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Contamination by those materials referred to under incompatible materials. Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor. Elevated temperatures.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Metal salts. Polymerization catalysts.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Primary Routes of Entry

Eye contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Contact, Skin absorption







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Acute Toxicity Styrene

Oral LD50 = 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)

Inhalation LC50 = 11.8 mg/l (4 H) (Rat)

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms

Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Eyes

Irritating to eyes.

Skin

Harmful by skin absorption. Contact causes skin irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

Inhalation

Harmful by inhalation. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.

Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration hazard if swallowed – can enter lungs and cause damage. Ingestion is not an anticipated route of exposure for this material in industrial use.

Sensitization

Not sensitizing.

Repeated dose toxicity

In humans, styrene may cause a transient decrease in colour discrimination and effects on hearing. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to defatting properties of the product. May cause damage to the liver, eyes, brain, respiratory system, central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. May cause damage to the kidneys, liver, eyes, brain, respiratory system, central nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Mutagenic effects

Styrene has given mixed positive and negative results in a number of mutagenicity tests. Styrene was not mutagenic without metabolic activation but gave negative and positive mutagenic results with metabolic activation.

Carcinogenicity

<u>Styrene</u>

ACGIH Group A4 – Not classified as human carcinogen.
 IARC Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
 NTP Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogen.

Legend *IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer*







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NTP - National Toxicology Program

Reproductive Toxicity No information available.

Neurological Effects No information available.

STOT – single exposure No information available.

STOT – repeated exposure No information available.

Target organ(s) Liver, Central Nervous System (CNS), Respiratory System, Kidney.

Aspiration Hazard No information available.

<u>Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information</u>

Unknown acute toxicity 60 - 70% of the mixture of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document.

ATEmix (oral) 2923 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 1967 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-vapour) 11.4 mg/L

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Styrene

Log Kow 2.95 Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 74

Algae EC50 = 1.4 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)

EC50 0.46 - 4.3 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (72h)

Fish LC50 3.24 - 4.99 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96h) flow-through

LC50 19.03 - 33.53 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) (96h) static LC50 6.75 - 14.5 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) (96h) static LC50 58.75 - 95.32 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata) (96h) static

Water Flea EC50 3.3 - 7.4 mg/L (48h)

Unknown Aquatic Toxicity

66.7% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Persistence/Degradability No Information available.

Bioaccumulation No information available.

Other adverse effects No information available.







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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal Considerations

Hazardous waste. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapour) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers since residue is difficult to remove. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT TO BE SENT BY MAIL

TARIFF No.		3907	
UN No.		1866	
Substance Identity No. S.I.N. SANS 10232-3		1866	
Emergency Action Code EAC SANS 10232-3		26	
SANS 10228:2006	S.I.N.	1866	
SANS 10228:2006	Technical Name	Resin Solution immiscible with water	
SANS 10228:2006	Class	3	
SANS 10228:2006	Danger Group	111	
SANS 10228:2006	Subsidiary Risks	Nil	
SANS 10228:2006	Packaging Methods SANS 10229	13.3	
IMDG – Shipping Name		Resin Solution	
IMDG – Code		Page 3379	
IMDG – Class		Class 3.3	
IMDG – Packaging Group		111	
IMDG – Marine Pollutant		Yes	
IMDG – EMS No.		<u>3-05</u>	
IMDG – MFAG Table No.		310	
IATA – Shipping Name		Resin Solution	
IATA – Class		Class 3	
IATA – Subsidiary Risk(s)		None	
IATA – Packaging Group		111	
IATA – Packaging Instruction – Passenger		309	
IATA – Packaging Instruction – Cargo		310	
Tremcard No.		Not available	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

ECC Hazard Classification Flammable. Harmful. Irritant. [R10; Xn; Xi] (Styrene)







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Risk Phrases Flammable. Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to eyes and skin.

[R: 10, 20, 36/38]

Safety Phrases Do not breathe vapour. [S: 23]

National Legislation South African Hazardous Substance Act 15 of 1973.

South African Occupational Health & Safety Act (85 of 1993).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating Health 2 Flammability 3 Instability 1

Reference: NCS Resins South Africa MSDS on Dion Impact 9133-200 29 October 2018

Compiled by: Aurora Glass Fibre (NZ) Ltd

Preparation Date: 06 March 2019

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